

# GREEN DOLPHIN DANCE

STRAIGHT ♩=155

FRANCIS HON

Musical score for **GREEN DOLPHIN DANCE** by **FRANCIS HON**. The score is for a jazz ensemble and includes parts for Alto Saxophone, Tenor Saxophone, Baritone Saxophone, Trumpet in Bb, Tenor Trombone, Guitar, Keyboard (Grand Staff), Bass, and Drum Set. The music is in 4/4 time with a tempo of 155 beats per minute. The key signature has two flats (Bb and Eb). The score shows the first six measures of the piece. The saxophones and trombone have melodic lines starting in the fifth measure. The bass has a steady eighth-note accompaniment. The drums are in a straight 4/4 pattern.



13

ALTO SAX.

TEN. SAX.

BARI. SAX.

TPT.

TBN.

GTR.

KEYS

BASS

DR.

p

20

A

ALTO SAX.

TEN. SAX.

BARI. SAX.

TPT.

TBN.

GTR.

KEYS

BASS

DR.

A

USE BRUSHES

4



6

33

ALTO SAX.

TEN. SAX.

BARI. SAX.

TPT.

TBN.

GTR.

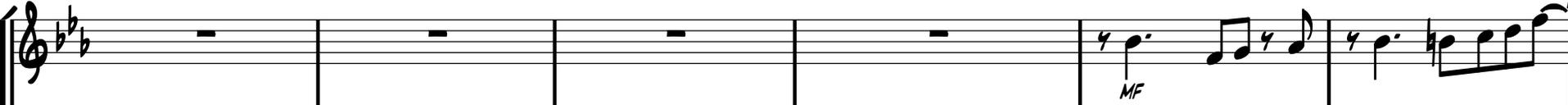
KEYS

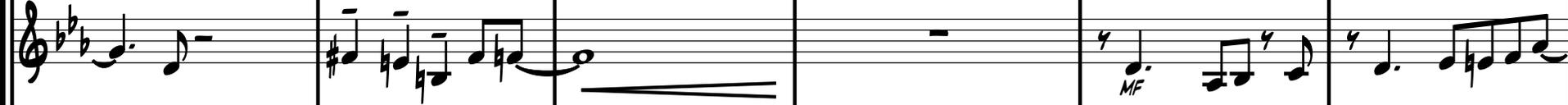
BASS

DR.

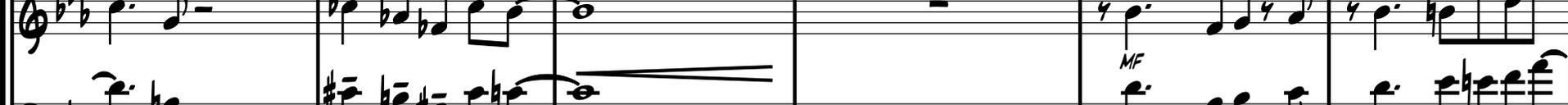
Musical score for a jazz ensemble, measures 33-39. The score includes parts for Alto Sax, Tenor Sax, Baritone Sax, Trumpet, Trombone, Guitar, Keys, Bass, and Drums. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The time signature is 4/4. The guitar part includes chord diagrams for Db7, GbΔ7, F-7, and Bb7(SUS4). The bass part includes a 2/4 time signature change at the end of measure 39. The drum part includes a 4-measure rest in measure 39.



ALTO SAX. 

TEN. SAX. 

BARI. SAX. 

TPT. 

TBN. 

GTR. 

KEYS 

BASS 

DR. 

MF

MF

MF

MF

MF

F-7

D-7(b9)

G7

F-7 WALK

D-7(b9)

G7

SIMILE

USE STICKS



ALTO SAX.

TEN. SAX.

BARI. SAX.

TPT.

TBN.

GTR.

KEYS

BASS

DR.

10

61

ALTO SAX.

TEN. SAX.

BARI. SAX.

TPT.

TBN.

GTR.

KEYS

BASS

DR.

1.

G<sup>-7</sup> C<sup>7</sup> F<sup>-7</sup> B<sup>b7</sup> E<sup>bΔ7</sup> B<sup>b-7</sup> E<sup>b7</sup> A<sup>b-7</sup> D<sup>b7</sup>

G<sup>-7</sup> C<sup>7</sup> F<sup>-7</sup> B<sup>b7</sup> E<sup>bΔ7</sup> B<sup>b-7</sup> E<sup>b7</sup> A<sup>b-7</sup> D<sup>b7</sup>

1.

ALTO SAX.

TEN. SAX.

BARI. SAX.

TPT.

TBN.

GTR.

KEYS

BASS

DR.

The musical score is arranged in a standard jazz ensemble format. The top three staves are for saxophones (Alto, Tenor, Baritone), the next two for trumpets and trombones, followed by guitar and keys, then bass, and finally drums at the bottom. The key signature is three flats (B-flat major/D-flat minor). The score begins at measure 68 and ends at measure 11. A first ending bracket covers measures 68-70, and a second ending bracket covers measures 71-75. The saxophones and trumpets play melodic lines, often with triplets and slurs. The guitar and bass provide harmonic support with chords and a walking bass line. The drums play a steady rhythm with cymbals and snare.

Chord progression for guitar and bass:

- Measures 68-70:  $G^b\Delta 7$ ,  $F-7$ ,  $B^b 7(SUS4)$
- Measures 71-75:  $F-7$ ,  $D-7(b9)$ ,  $G7$ ,  $C-6$ ,  $A-7(b9)$ ,  $D7$ ,  $G-7$ ,  $C7$

Drum notation includes a "SIMILE" instruction in measure 74 and a "4" in measure 75.

ALTO SAX.

TEN. SAX.

BARI. SAX.

TPT.

TBN.

GTR.

KEYS

BASS

DR.

Musical notation for Alto Sax, Tenor Sax, Baritone Sax, Trumpet, and Trombone. The notation includes notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *MP* and *FF*. The saxophones and trumpets/bassoons play a melodic line with some syncopation.

Chord progression for guitar and bass: F-7, Bb7, BΔ7, EΔ7, AΔ7, END OF SOLO, EbΔ7. The notation includes double bar lines with repeat signs (//).

Musical notation for Guitar and Keys. The guitar part consists of a rhythmic slash pattern. The keys part is mostly empty, with some notes in the bass clef.

Chord progression for bass: F-7, Bb7, BΔ7, EΔ7, AΔ7, //, EbΔ7. The notation includes double bar lines with repeat signs (//).

Musical notation for Bass. The notation includes a rhythmic slash pattern and the instruction "KEEP WALKING".

Musical notation for Drums. The notation includes a rhythmic slash pattern, "DRUM FILLS" markings, and a "SIMILE" instruction. A circled 'C' is present above the drum staff.

FF DIG IN





ALTO SAX. *FF* *MF*

TEN. SAX. *FF* *MF* F-7 TENOR SOLO Bb7 EbΔ7 Bb-7 Eb7 Ab-7 Db7

BARI. SAX. *FF*

TPT. *FF* *MF*

TBN. *FF* *MF*

GTR. *FF* G-7(b5) Gb7 F-7 Bb7 EbΔ7 Bb-7 Eb7 Ab-7 Db7

KEYS *FF*

BASS *FF* F-7 WALK Bb7 EbΔ7 Bb-7 Eb7 Ab-7 Db7

DR. *FF* *SIMILE* 4

ALTO SAX.

Musical staff for Alto Saxophone. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat). The first measure contains a whole note G4. The second measure contains a quarter note G4, followed by eighth notes A4, Bb4, and C5. The remaining seven measures contain whole rests.

TEN. SAX.

Musical staff for Tenor Saxophone. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of three flats. The entire staff is filled with diagonal slashes, indicating a rhythmic pattern.

BARI. SAX.

Musical staff for Baritone Saxophone. It begins with a bass clef and a key signature of three flats. The entire staff contains whole rests.

TPT.

Musical staff for Trumpet. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of three flats. The entire staff contains whole rests.

TBN.

Musical staff for Trombone. It begins with a bass clef and a key signature of three flats. The first measure contains a whole note G2. The second measure contains a quarter note G2, followed by eighth notes A2, Bb2, and C3. The remaining seven measures contain whole rests.

GTR.

Musical staff for Guitar. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of three flats. The entire staff is filled with diagonal slashes, indicating a rhythmic pattern.

KEYS

Musical staff for Keys. It consists of two staves: a treble clef staff and a bass clef staff, both with a key signature of three flats. Both staves are filled with diagonal slashes, indicating a rhythmic pattern.

BASS

Musical staff for Bass. It begins with a bass clef and a key signature of three flats. The entire staff is filled with diagonal slashes, indicating a rhythmic pattern.

DR.

Musical staff for Drums. It begins with a double bar line. The staff contains a series of slashes representing drum hits. Above the staff, the numbers 8 and 12 are positioned over the 8th and 12th measures, respectively.

G $\Delta$ 7    F-7    Bb7    Eb $\Delta$ 7    %    Eb-7    %    F7/Eb    E $\Delta$ /Eb  
 Gb $\Delta$ 7    F-7    Bb7    Eb $\Delta$ 7    %    Eb-7    %    F7/Eb    E $\Delta$ /Eb  
 Gb $\Delta$ 7    F-7    Bb7    Eb $\Delta$ 7    %    Eb-7    %    F7/Eb    E $\Delta$ /Eb  
 Gb $\Delta$ 7    F-7    Bb7    Eb $\Delta$ 7    %    Eb-7    %    F7/Eb    E $\Delta$ /Eb

ALTO SAX.   
 TEN. SAX.   
 BARI. SAX.   
 TPT.   
 TBN.   
 GTR.   
 KEYS   
 BASS   
 DR.

Chord progression: EbΔ7 D7 Db7 C7 F-7 D-7(b9) G7 C-7 A-7(b9) Ab7 G-7 Gb7

16 20

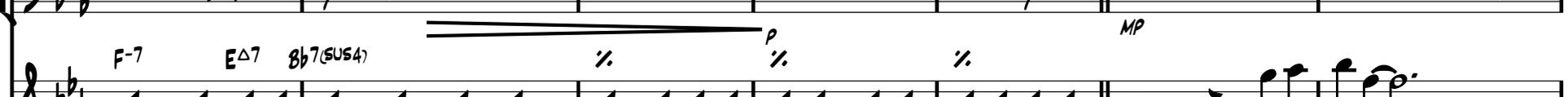
ALTO SAX. 

TEN. SAX.  F-7 EΔ7 Bb7(SUS4) END OF SOLO

BARI. SAX. 

TPT. 

TBN. 

GTR.  F-7 EΔ7 Bb7(SUS4)

KEYS 

BASS  F-7 EΔ7 Bb7(SUS4)

DR.  24

*p*

ALTO SAX.

TEN. SAX.

BARI. SAX.

TPT.

TBN.

GTR.

KEYS

BASS

DR.

The musical score is arranged in a standard orchestral layout. The top three staves are for saxophones: Alto Sax (treble clef), Tenor Sax (treble clef), and Bari. Sax (bass clef). The next two staves are for brass: Trumpet (treble clef) and Trombone (bass clef). The guitar staff (GTR.) is in treble clef. The keyboard section (KEYS) consists of two staves, piano (treble clef) and bass (bass clef). The bass staff (BASS) is in bass clef and includes dynamic markings of  $\frac{2}{\%}$  and  $\frac{4}{\%}$ . The drum staff (DR.) is in bass clef and includes a double bar line and percentage symbols. The score is in a key signature of two flats (Bb, Eb) and a 4/4 time signature. The music features various rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. There are several instances of double bar lines and percentage symbols, likely indicating specific performance techniques or dynamics.

122

ALTO SAX. *MF*

TEN. SAX. *MF*

BARI. SAX. *MF*

TPT. *MF*

TBN. *MF*

GTR. *MF*

KEYS

BASS

*WALK*

*F-7* *Bb7* *EbΔ7* *Bb-7* *Eb7* *Ab-7*

DR. *SIMILE*

4

127

ALTO SAX.   
 TEN. SAX.   
 BARI. SAX.

Musical notation for saxophones. The Alto Saxophone part features a triplet of eighth notes in the first measure. The Tenor Saxophone part has a similar triplet. The Baritone Saxophone part is mostly silent.

TPT.   
 TBN.

Musical notation for trumpet and trombone. The Trumpet part has a melodic line with a triplet. The Trombone part has a rhythmic accompaniment with a triplet.

GTR.   
 KEYS

Musical notation for guitar and keyboard. The guitar part has a rhythmic accompaniment with a triplet. The keyboard part is mostly silent.

BASS

Musical notation for bass. The bass part has a rhythmic accompaniment with a triplet.

DR.

Musical notation for drums. The drum part has a rhythmic accompaniment with a triplet.

Db7                      GbΔ7                      F-7                      Bb7

Db7                      GbΔ7                      F-7                      Bb7                      EΔ7

Db7                      GbΔ7                      F-7                      Bb7

8

132

ALTO SAX. RIT.....

TEN. SAX. RIT.....

BARI. SAX. RIT.....

TPT. RIT.....

TBN. RIT.....

GTR. RIT.....

KEYS RIT.....

BASS RIT.....

DR. RIT.....

*Chord progression: Eb-7, F7/Eb, EΔ/Eb, EbΔ7, D7ALT., Db7, C7*

*Drum notation: 2, 2, 4, 3, 3, 3, 3*

ALTO SAX.

TEN. SAX.

BARI. SAX.

TPT.

TBN.

GTR.

KEYS

BASS

DR.

The musical score consists of nine staves. The top five staves are for woodwinds and brass: Alto Sax, Tenor Sax, Baritone Sax, Trumpet, and Trombone. The next three staves are for guitar, keys, and bass. The bottom staff is for drums. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The tempo is marked as quarter note = 112. The score includes various dynamics (ff, p) and articulations (accents, slurs). The guitar and bass parts include chord diagrams for F-7, D-7(b9), G7, C-7, A-7, Ab7, EΔ7, and CΔ7(#11). The drum part includes a 'DRUM FILLS' section indicated by a dashed line.